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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET	O. CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/083,374 02/27/2002		27/2002	Takuma Makino	WATK:178A	5854	
6160	7590	08/26/2003				
PARKHURST & WENDEL, L.L.P. 1421 PRINCE STREET SUITE 210 ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314-2805			EXAMINER			
				ELVE, MAI	ELVE, MARIA ALEXANDRA	
				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
				1725		
			DATE MAILED: 08/26/2003			

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)	
		10/083,374	MAKINO ET AL.	
•	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		M. Alexandra Elve	1725	
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	pears on the cover sh	eet with the correspondence ad	Idress
THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failt - Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL'MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period or re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute eply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, y within the statutory minimu will apply and will expire SIX acause the application to be	may a reply be timely filed n of thirty (30) days will be considered timel (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this come ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on	•		
2a)⊠		· iis action is non-final		
3)	Since this application is in condition for allows closed in accordance with the practice under	ance except for form	al matters, prosecution as to th	ne merits is
Disposit	ion of Claims	•	,	
4)⊠	Claim(s) $\underline{1-9}$ is/are pending in the application.			
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	wn from consideration	n.	
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠	Claim(s) 1-9 is/are rejected.			
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requireme	nt.	
_	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.		
·	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accept		o by the Examiner.	•
. /—	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	,— ·	•	
11)	The proposed drawing correction filed on			er.
	If approved, corrected drawings are required in rep			
12)[The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer.		
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120			
13)⊠	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	n priority under 35 U	S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).	
	☑ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:			
	1. Certified copies of the priority document	s have been receive	d.	
	2. Certified copies of the priority document			1.
* 6	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bu	rity documents have reau (PCT Rule 17.2	been received in this National	•
	See the attached detailed Office action for a list	•		Laste e S
	cknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti			application).
) The translation of the foreign language pro Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti			
Attachmen	t(s)			
2) 🔲 Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) _	5) 🔲 No	erview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No- tice of Informal Patent Application (PT er:	
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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

2. Claims 1-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Hirano et al. (US Pat. 5,561,321).

Hirano et al. discloses a composite substrate, which is a bonded (adhesive) structure. The composite substrate is made up of a ceramic (alumina) substrate, a metallic layer, and copper sheets bonded to the alumina substrate via the metallic layer. The ceramic body is sintered. Silver, copper and nickel are used in the composite. The difference between the thermal expansion coefficients of the sintered ceramic body and the metallic layer is reduced at the bonding interface of the two elements, which leads to reducing the thermal stresses produced at that interface because of that difference when the composite structure is subject to temperatures; that is, thermal stresses are negated or at least minimized. The ceramic metal composite structure is characterized by including a metallizing step of forming one a surface of at least a portion of a sintered ceramic body, a porous metallic layer using a high melting point metal that the porosity of the metallic layer continuously or stepwise increases with distances from the surface of the sintered ceramic body, the metallic layer having a multiplicity of externally open

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pores. Impregnating comprises a step of forming a layer of the copper or silver/copper based alloy on a surface of the metallic layer opposite to the surface thereof bonded to the sintered ceramic body. Ceramics may be alumina, calcium oxide, magnesium oxide, silicon dioxide and so forth. The composite may be bonded using silver/copper and further titanium brazing filler. Additionally, a nickel layer may be plated on the pore defining internal surfaces. Electroless nickel plating may be used. Many other materials may be used in the making of the composite/adhesive structure these are listed in following area: col. 21, lines 50-67, cols. 22-24 in their entirety and col. 25, lines 1-2.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claim 9 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hirano et al., as stated in paragraph 2, above.

Hirano et al. does not disclose the composite member for gas separation tubes.

However, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to shape, size or form the prior art alloy any shape, size or form, because

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change of shape, size and form has been held an obvious variant in any art. See <u>In re</u>

<u>Rose</u> 105 USPQ 137.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 6/27/03 (#6) have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues that the preferred composition of claim 2 is not taught. The examiner respectfully disagrees because a ceramic (sintered and hence particulate), Ag, Ni, and Cu are disclosed by the prior art.

In response to applicant's arguments, the recitation adhesive composition has not been given patentable weight because the recitation occurs in the preamble. A preamble is generally not accorded any patentable weight where it merely recites the purpose of a process or the intended use of a structure, and where the body of the claim does not depend on the preamble for completeness but, instead, the process steps or structural limitations are able to stand alone. See *In re Hirao*, 535 F.2d 67, 190 USPQ 15 (CCPA 1976) and *Kropa v. Robie*, 187 F.2d 150, 152, 88 USPQ 478, 481 (CCPA 1951). Furthermore, the adhesive composition is bounded by its use and not product limitations. Reading of applicant's specification reveals that the adhesive is merely a composition, which can be prepared by containing a particulate material. Thus instant claim is encompassed by the prior art reference.

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to M. Alexandra Elve whose telephone number is (703) 308-0092. The examiner can normally be reached Monday to Friday from 6:30 AM to 3:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, tom Dunn, can be reached on (703) 308-3318.

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Any inquiry of general nature to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0661.

August 25, 2003.

M. ÁLEXANDRA ELVE PRIMARY EXAMINER